

When the discussion among the NUP leaders took place to determine the cabinet posts, Mirghani HANZA and Hamad TEWFIK, the former the chief Khatmia leader and the latter the ex-leader of the Unionist Party, both insisted that Yahia be excluded from the cabinet because of his reputation for dishonesty. The NUP high command accepted these objections and Yahia El Fadli was excluded. An attempt was made to place him on the Sudanization Commission in order to get him out of the way, but it was decided that no member of parliament should sit on this Commission.

Yahia El Fadli then decided upon an overly clever maneuver to force a decision on his situation. It is generally accepted that the NUP will not confirm Ibrehim AHMED, the pro-Umma member of the Governor General's Commission. Knowing that this was the plan Yahia El Fadli then said that he and a following of some 15 MP's would vote against Dardiri Mohammed OSMAN, the pro-NUP member and the Umma Party would of course cooperate with them and the result would be that the pro-NUP member of the Governor General's Commission would not be confirmed. He seriously threatened to carry this through unless he was given a Cabinet position. This was an unwise maneuver on his part. He meant it only as a threat, and it is doubtful that he ever intended to carry it through. By attacking Dardiri Mohammed Osman he challenged Sayed Ali MIRGHANI, the leader of the Khatmia Sect. Dardiri Mohammed Osman is closer to Sayed Ali Mirghani than any other man and Sayed Ali then let it be known that he would not approve Yahia El Fadli's appointment to the cabinet and furthermore, if Yahia El Fadli continued with this disloyal type of behavior he would insure that he was not re-elected to parliament. The cabinet then held a session with Yahia El Fadli and made it clear that he would not be admitted to the cabinet and that he must behave himself. Furthermore, Mirghani Hanza and Hamad Tewfik, Ministers of Agriculture and Finance have let it be known that they would resign from the Cabinet if Yahia was given a ministerial post. A rumor then spread that Yahia El Fadli would join the Umma Party and become a member of the opposition. In a public letter published in El Ittihad, a pro-NUP journal, Yahia publicly recanted and said that he had no intention of joining the NUP and urged his followers to support the NUP and promised to do likewise himself. Here the matter now rests.

Yahia El Fadli is too astute a politician to push his case further at this time. Yet he has made no secret of his personal disappointment. Many observers in the Sudan believe that the greatest weakness in the present NUP Government is that it is made up of a great many different factions and eventually it will split over some disagreement. If such a disagreement comes, Yahia El Fadli will be able to exert influence. Although he claims to control 15 MP's, the NUP Executive consider that he could only control 7 including himself. The strength with which the NUP Cabinet rejected Yahia El Fadli's threat has been well received among the general public. In fact this case of Yahia El Fadli has reacted in the Government's favor. Yahia is in the political wilderness at the moment. Because he is such a schemer and very clever it is generally believed that the last word has not yet been heard. But no one seriously believes that Yahia El Fadli could bring the Government down in the immediate future.

cc: London, Cairo

Joseph Sweeney,
United States Liaison Officer.

CONFIDENTIAL